

Thermal Materials Workshop 2001

Application of Foam Metal Technology to Aircraft Systems- Direction and Status

John Klein & Jim Whiteside

NORTHROP GRUMMAN

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE				Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188	
Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing this collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to Department of Defense, Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports (0704-0188), 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number. PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR FORM TO THE ABOVE ADDRESS.					
1. REPORT DATE (DD-MM-YYYY) 30-05-2001		2. REPORT TYPE Workshop Presentations		3. DATES COVERED (FROM - TO) 30-05-2001 to 01-06-2001	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Application of Foam Metal Technology to Aircraft Systems- Direction and Status Unclassified				5a. CONTRACT NUMBER	
				5b. GRANT NUMBER	
				5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER	
6. AUTHOR(S) Klein, John ; Whiteside, Jim ;				5d. PROJECT NUMBER	
				5e. TASK NUMBER	
				5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS Northrop Grumman xxxxx xxxxx, xxxxxxxx				8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME AND ADDRESS Office of Naval Research International Field Office Office of Naval Research Washington, DCxxxxx				10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)	
				11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)	
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT APUBLIC RELEASE					
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES See Also ADM001348, Thermal Materials Workshop 2001, held in Cambridge, UK on May 30-June 1, 2001. Additional papers can be downloaded from: http://www-mech.eng.cam.ac.uk/onr/					
14. ABSTRACT ? Outgrowth of DARPA Ultra-Lightweight Metallic Structures Program ? GASAR Component Design, Production, Test, and Cost-benefit Study (our introduction to this community) ? MURI (foams and periodic structures) ? Present Project ? Structurally Integrated Thermal Management of Airborne Early Warning & Electronic Warfare Systems ? Technology Transition ? DARPA Synthetic Multi-Functional Materials ? Rules and Tools, Relevant Database ? E-2C, Other Applications					
15. SUBJECT TERMS					
16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:		17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT Public Release	18. NUMBER OF PAGES 23	19. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON Fenster, Lynn lfenster@dtic.mil	
a. REPORT Unclassified	b. ABSTRACT Unclassified			c. THIS PAGE Unclassified	19b. TELEPHONE NUMBER International Area Code Area Code Telephone Number 703767-9007 DSN 427-9007
				Standard Form 298 (Rev. 8-98) Prescribed by ANSI Std Z39.18	

Program Participants

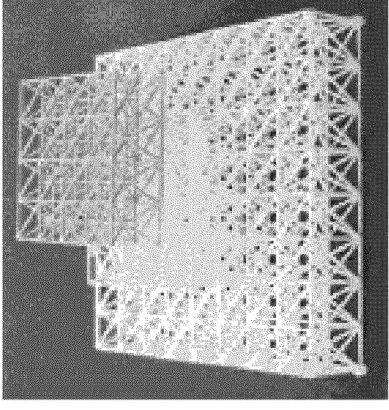
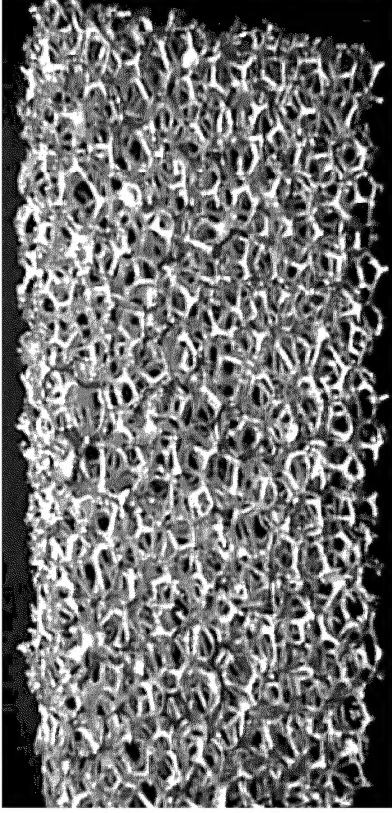
- Northrop-Grumman Corporation
 - Technology Development, AEW&EW systems business area
 - Logicon
- ONR / DARPA
- Ozer Engineering
- ERG

Introduction

- **Outgrowth of DARPA Ultra-Lightweight Metallic Structures Program**
 - **GASAR Component Design, Production, Test, and Cost-benefit Study (our introduction to this community)**
 - **MURI (foams and periodic structures)**
- **Present Project**
 - **Structurally Integrated Thermal Management of Airborne Early Warning & Electronic Warfare Systems**
 - **Technology Transition**
 - **DARPA Synthetic Multi-Functional Materials**
 - **Rules and Tools, Relevant Database**
 - **E-2C, Other Applications**

Technical Areas

- Generic Technologies - Thermal and Structural Behavior of Metal Foams and Lattice Structures



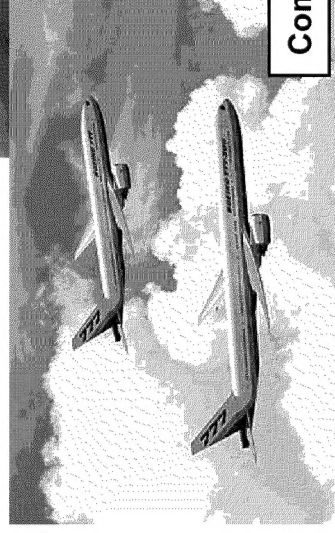
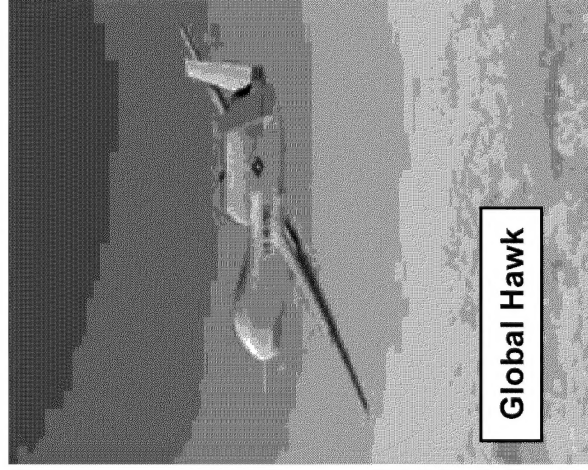
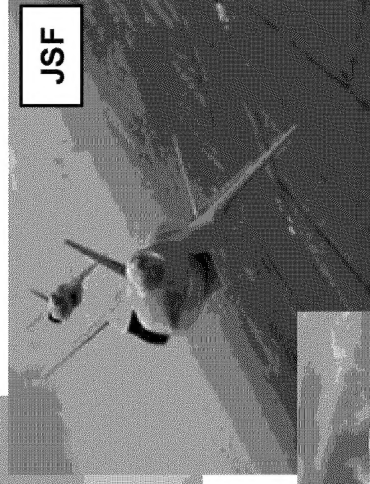
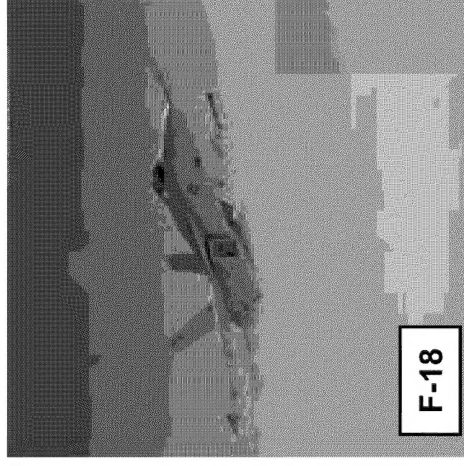
- Specific Applications - Thermal Management for Airborne Early Warning & Electronic Warfare Systems



Applications

- E-2C Heat Exchanger Cores
- E-2C Avionics Racks
- EA-6B, F/A-18E/F, F/A-18G, JSF
- Unmanned Air Vehicles
- Commercial

High Efficiency Porous Metal Heat Exchangers



Project Tasks

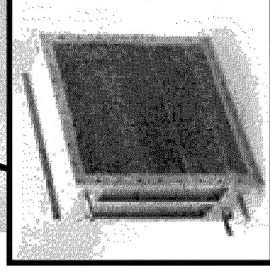
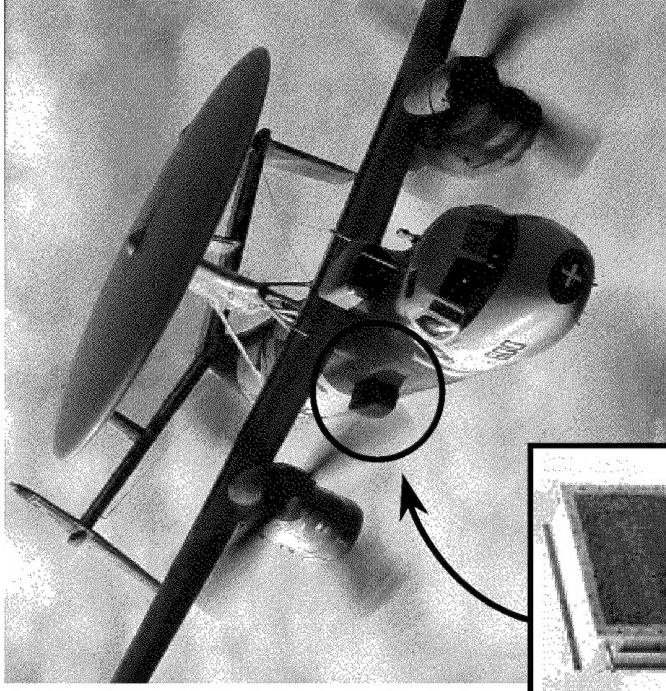
- **1a. E-2C LCS Heat Exchanger Element - Design, Fabrication and Test**
- **2a. Heat Exchanger Elements for E-2C Avionics Racks – Concepts**

E-2C Air/Liquid Heat Exchanger

- Conventional Redesign of Air/Liquid Heat Exchanger to Accommodate Increased Load Plus Growth Large and Heavy
- Porous Metal Heat Exchanger Offers the Potential to be:

- Lighter
- Smaller
- Less Expensive

Than Conventional Redesign

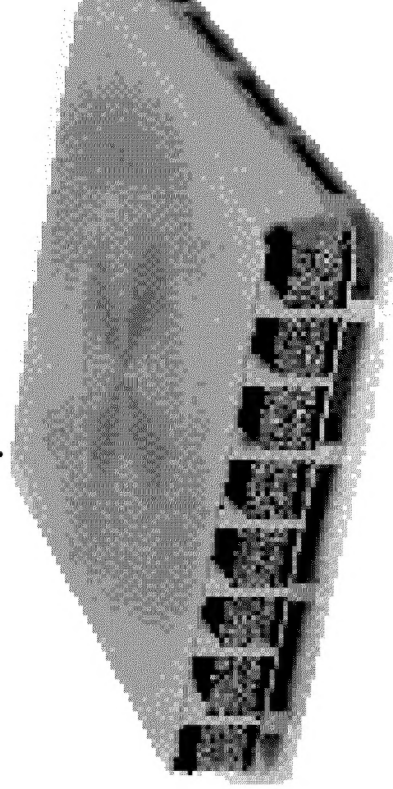


Foam Metal
Heat Exchanger



NORTHROP GRUMMAN
Integrated Systems
Sector

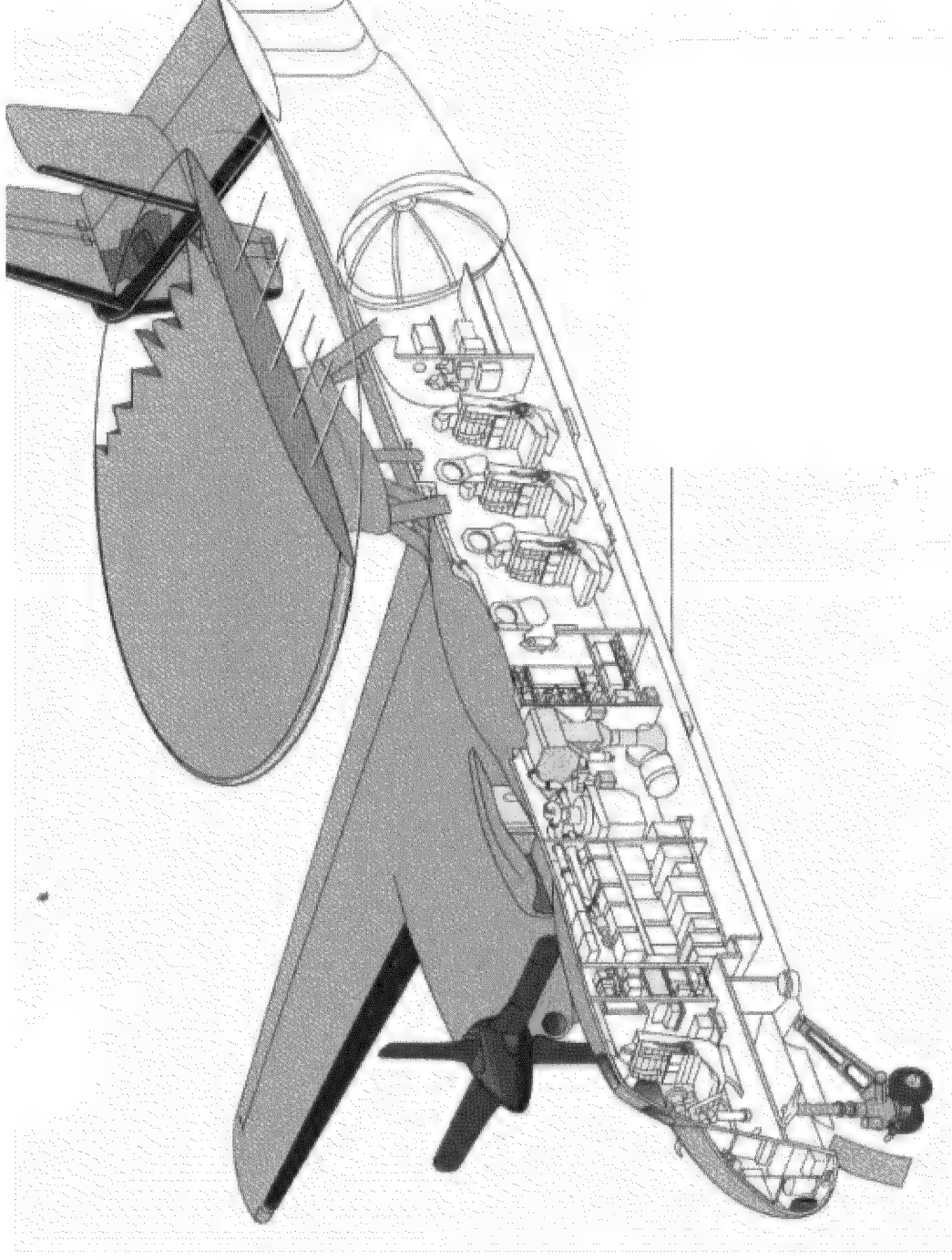
E-2C Integrated Avionics Rack



Integrated Avionics Rack

- New Avionics Suite and Redesign of Racks and Cards and Allow for an Integrated Approach to System Cooling
- Opportunity to Address Thermal Management by Incorporating Integrated Cooling Capability
- Integrated Racks Offer Weight, Performance, Size Advantages

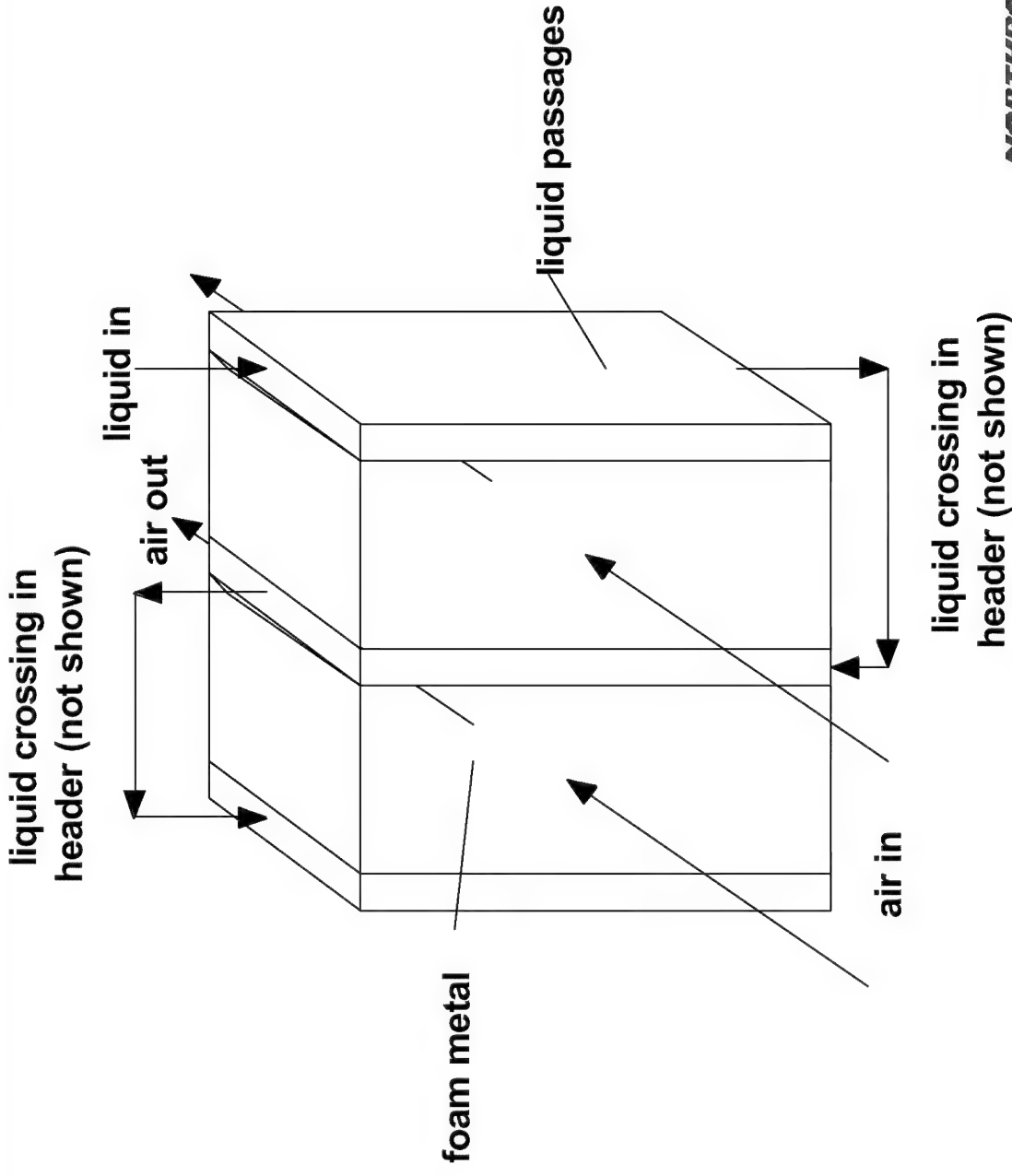
E-2C Interior



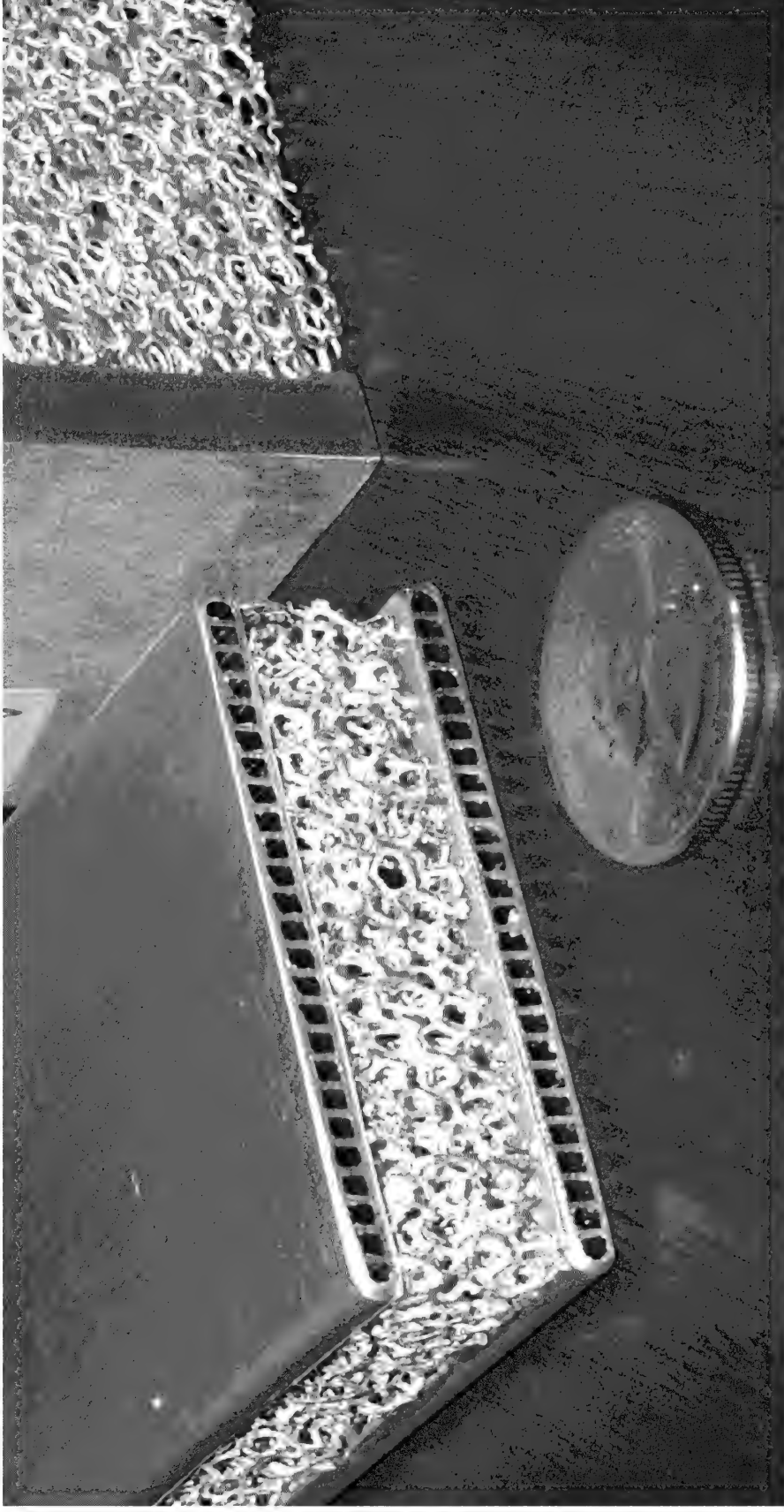
Structurally Integrated Thermal Management of Airborne
Early Warning & Electronic Warfare Systems - 3

NORTHROP GRUMMAN
Integrated Systems
Sector

Foam Metal Heat Exchanger Basic Concept



Manufacturing Demo Samples (ERG)



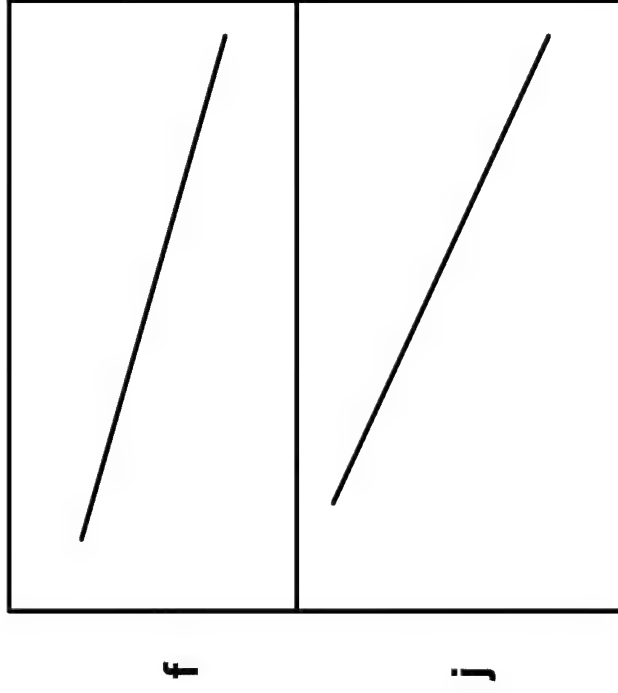
Structurally Integrated Thermal Management of Airborne
Early Warning & Electronic Warfare Systems - 2

NORTHROP GRUMMAN
Integrated Systems
Sector

Data requirements

- Heat transfer and pressure drop vs Reynolds Number
 - Compressed Foams
 - h_{eff} , ie $\eta h_{true} A_{es}$
 - $\Delta P/L$
 - Present In preferred Kays & London (K&L) Heat Transfer Data Format
 - Ref: Compact Heat Exchangers, Kays & London

Kays & London Data Presentation



Friction factor

$$f = \frac{\Delta p}{4 \left(\frac{L}{D_h} \right) \left(\frac{\rho V^2}{2} \right)}$$

Colburn j factor

$$j = \frac{h}{\rho c_p V} Pr^{2/3}$$

$$= St * Pr^{2/3}$$

Definition of Terms

- Flow velocity
 - \dot{V} = mass flow rate / (ρA_{\min}) , where A_{\min} is the minimum flow area.
 - matrices $G = \rho \dot{V} = W / (p A_{fr})$
- Hydraulic diameter:
- $D_h = 4 \times (\text{minimum flow area}) / (\text{total heat transfer area})$
- L = flow length of heat exchanger
- $R_e = \rho \dot{V} D_h / \mu$

Projected Heff 10 ppi foam-sea level

NORMALIZED HEAT FLUX FROM THE BASE

10 PPI OPEN CELL ALUMINUM FOAM

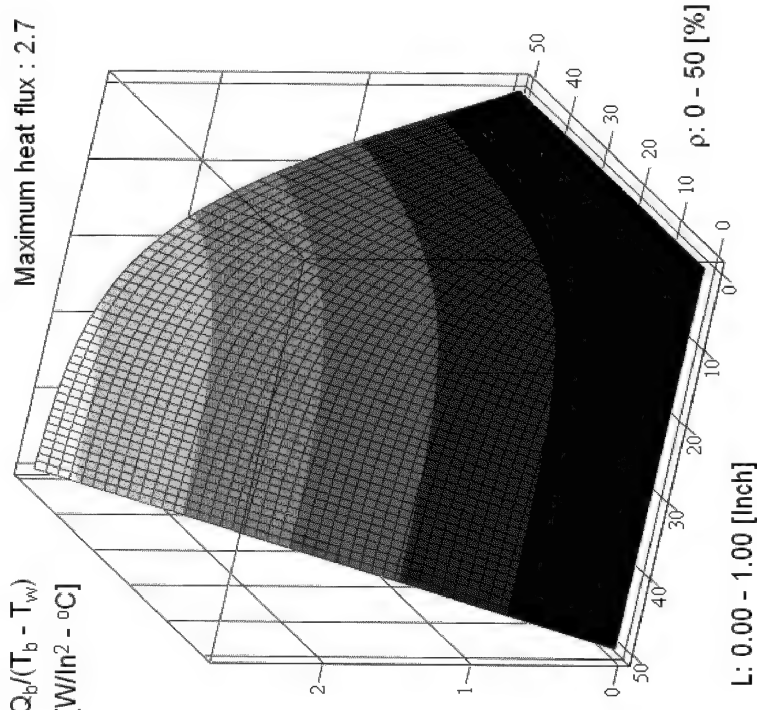
COOLANT : AIR

Foam thickness (L), Relative density (ρ)

Preliminary

$Q_b / (T_b - T_w)$
[W/in² - °C]

Maximum heat flux : 2.7



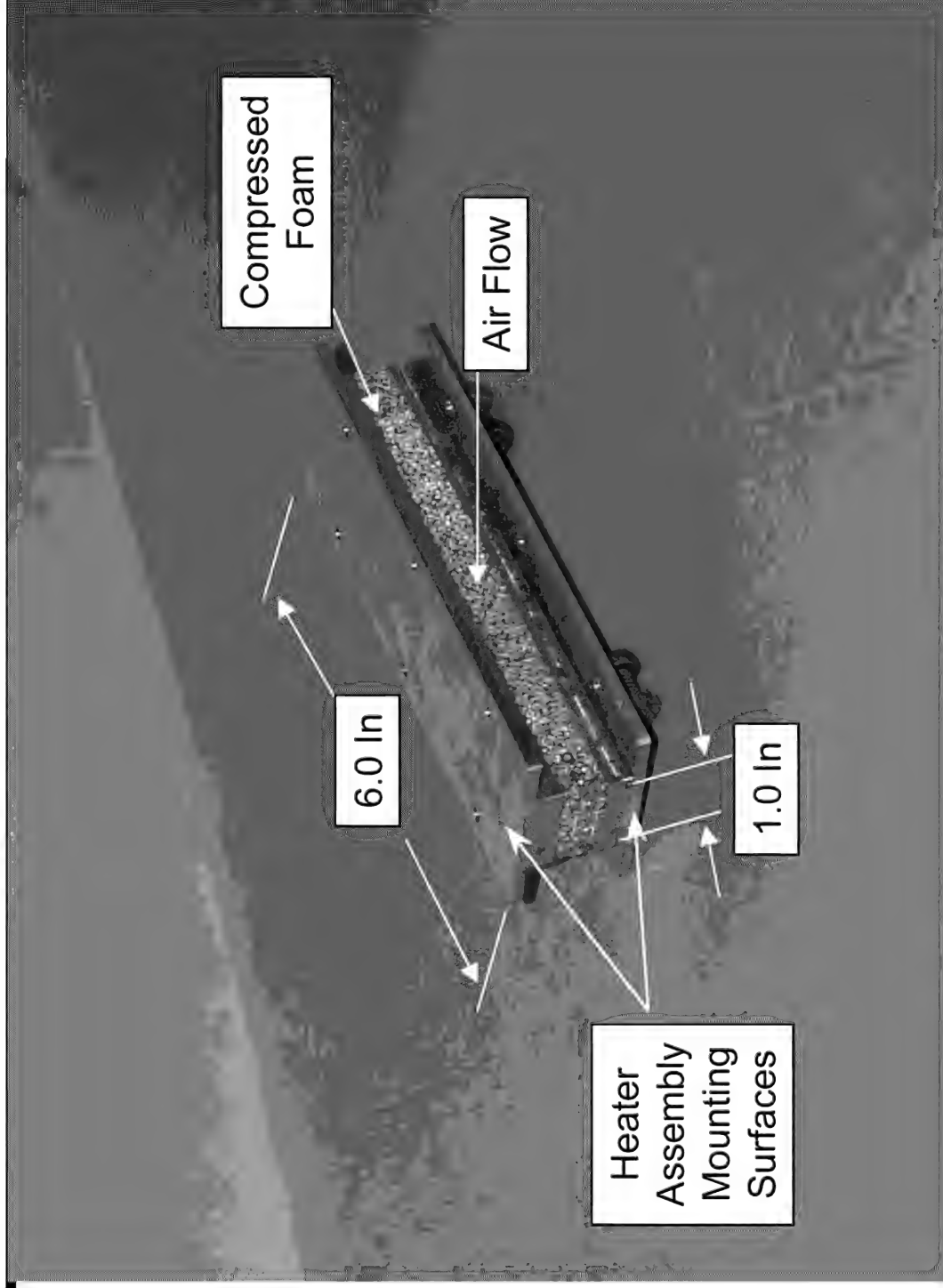
Heat Exchanger Design Methodology

- Kays & London type measured data for extended surface
 - pressure drop vs. Re
 - heat transfer vs. Re
- Calculate h using K&L type data
- Apply same h to both extended surface and wall
- Calculate extended surface temperature effectiveness based on h , mat'l and geometry
- Calculate effective total heat exchange area

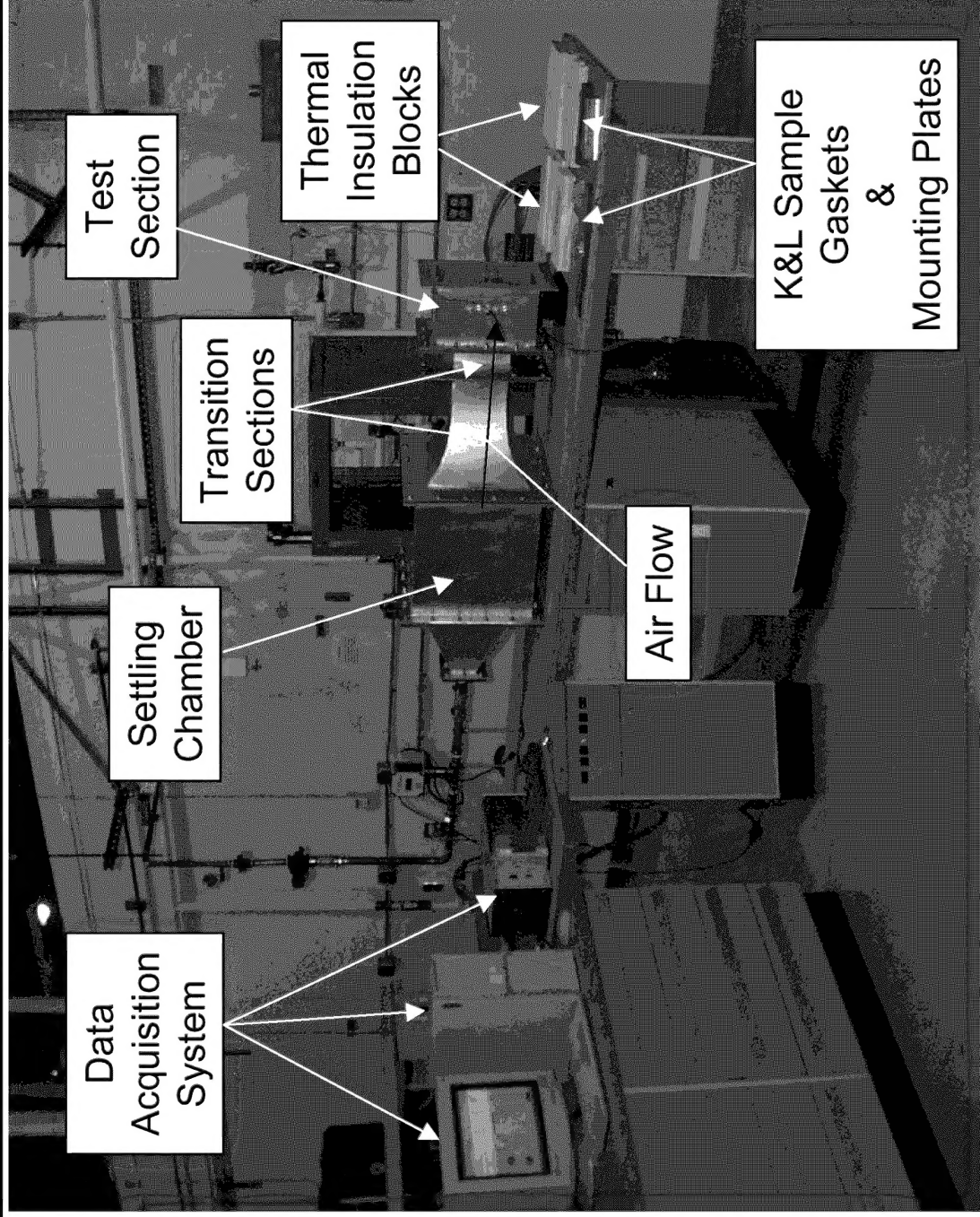
K&L Test Apparatus

Structurally Integrated Thermal Management of Airborne
Early Warning & Electronic Warfare Systems - 1

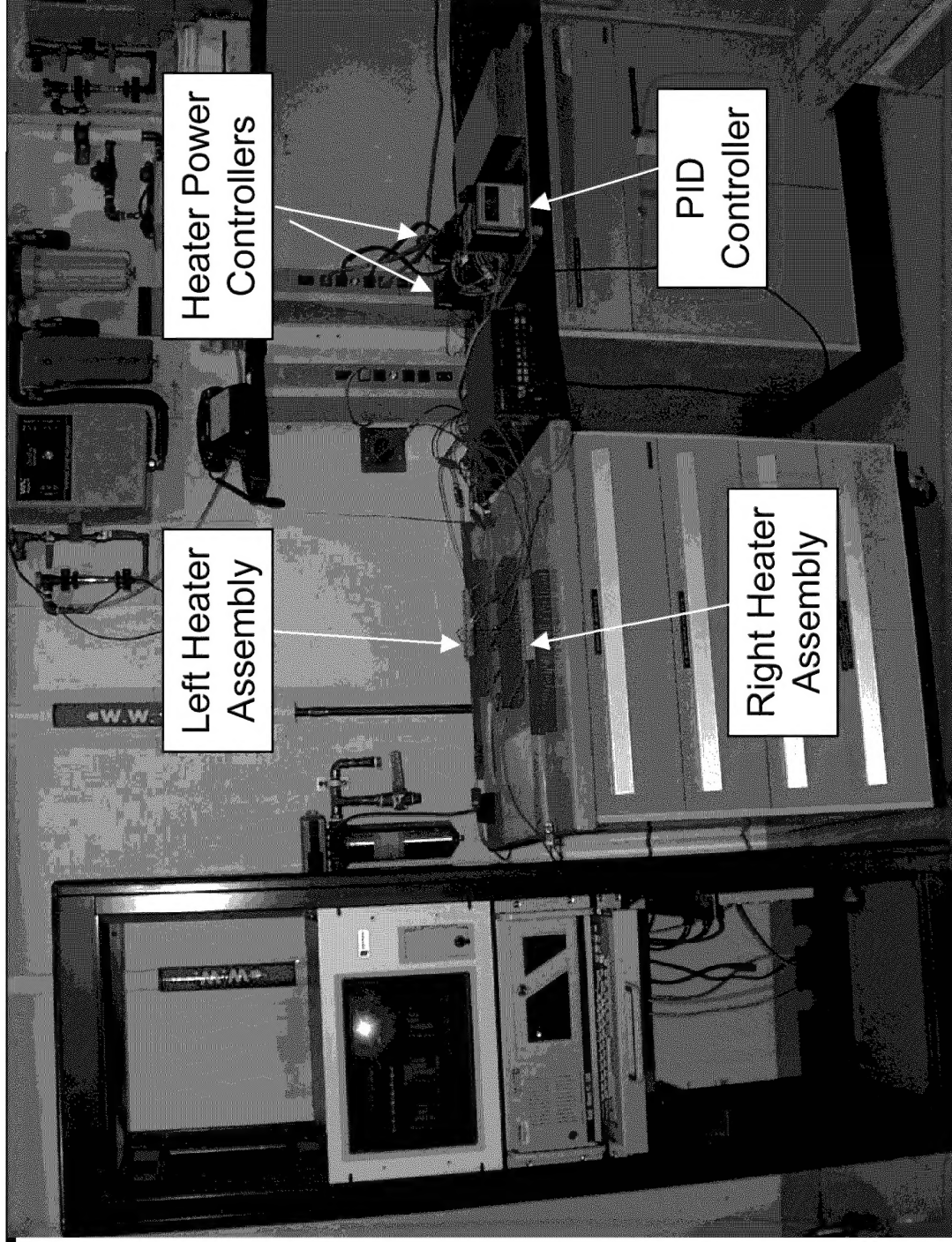
NGC KAYS & LONDON TEST SAMPLE



KAYS & LONDON TEST APPARATUS



K&L HEATER POWER PID CONTROL TEST



Summary - Technical Status / Direction

- E-2C LCS heat exchanger
 - Completed
 - LCS HX conceptual design
 - LCS HX initial sizing
 - K&L test apparatus design, fabrication, checkout
 - data acquisition system
 - temperature controller testing
 - air flow supply checkout
 - Instrument calibration
 - NGC K&L testing start 1-2 weeks
 - Foam metal HX sub element fabrication demo
 - Design system integration methodology

Summary - Technical Status / Direction (cont.)

- E-2C LCS work in progress
 - K&L sample testing
 - HX element fabrication demonstration
 - HX element thermal performance demonstration
 - Design system integration method verification
- E2C Integrated avionics racks
 - preliminary concepts
- Structurally integrated heat exchangers
 - preliminary concepts
- Additional specific aircraft applications